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TUBERCULOSIS, CANCER APR CAMPATON OBJECTIVES

Public Realth in Yugoslavia

CAMPAIGN AGAINST TUBERCULOSIS -- Glas, No 1039, 27 Oct 48

A campaign for compulsory vaccination against tuberculosis is being carried on throughout Yugoslavia despite some resistance from ignorant parents. Lectures are being given in some areas on the importance of the program.

The vaccination of apprentices at the site of Movi Becgrad has been completed, and teams are now at work among the workers on the /Brotherhood and Unity/ Highway. Vaccination will be done in the larger towns first, and later in rural districts.

Production of vaccine has increased 180 times.

EXAMINATIONS AND INSPECTIONS -- Borba, No 265, 1 Nov 48

The Fublic Health Inspecto: for Serbic reports that 25 sanitary-epidemiological institutions are granting in Serbia. This year over 44,000 preventive examinations were made, about 32,000 wells were inspected, and unsatisfactory wells were made sanitary, with the help of the Reople's " ont. In industrial enterprises, about 100,000 workers and apprentices were given preventive examins ions. About 4,000 sanitary inspections were made in schools. However, the public health control over children's . mes and nurseries is insufficient.

In Slovenia, over 52,000 school children have been examined and about 18,000 children have been admitted to children's colonies and the like. An Inspectorate of Food, to control all enterprises that handle foodstuffs, is in operation in the Ministry of Mational Health of Slovenia.

All districts of Macedonia have sanitary inspectorates. So far about 2,250 enterprises and 15,000 houses have been inspected.

No regular preventive work is being carried on in Montenegria schools due to a shortage of qualified personnel.

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An institute for the control of cancer and related diseases will be opened in Split in a building formerly belonging to a private somatorium. It will have a number of beds for hospitalized patients and a dispensary for ambulatory patients, and will also do social work. The Radium Institute of the Faculty of Medicine in Zagreb has given the necessary amount of radium.

CANCER INSTITUTE IN DALMATIA -- Narodni 14st, No 1052, 27 Oct 48

Split is the first city in Croatia to open such an institution. When a cancer institute and dispensary is opened in the former private sanatorium on Klaiceva Street in Zagreb, the two institutes will cooperate closely.

ANTIMALARIAL CAMPAIGNS -- Red, No 188, 5 Nov 48

In this year's antimalarial campaign in Maccedonia, an area of 29 million square meters has been aprayed with 141,572 kilograms of DDT and 60,371 kilograms of naphtha, 39,705 hectares of marsh and other water surface have been aprayed from airplanes, and 12,424,927 square meters of water have been aprayed with disinfecting equipment.

Treatment of malaria patients is free in all parts of Macedonia where the disease is endemic. The drop in incidence of malaria this year was substantially greater than in previous years.

In Croatia, residual apraying and other control measures were carried out. The number of ases of malaria occurring in areas treated last year showed a significant decrease.

In Serbia, about 300 villages were treated by residual spraying. Antimalarial campaigns were carried out in 32 districts; 244,836 houses and outbuildings, or about 27,591,195 square meters, were sprayed with residual spray.

MALARIA CONTROL IN MACEDONIA -- Borba, No 257, 23 Oct 48

The number of cases of malaria in the Bitolj District of Macedonia has been cut to a minimum: 773,597 square meters of marsh and swamp have been sprayed and 6,584 houses and 8,618 barns treated.

MOBILE DENTAL SERVICE IN BOSNIA -- Oslobod jenje, No 624, 24 Oct 48

The Minister of Health of Bosnia and Hercegovina has put two mobile dental dispensaries, housed in specially constructed trucks, into service in the Republic. One serves Hercegovina and Eastern Bosnia and the other Western Bosnia. The ambulances spend not more than 2 days per month in one place, or a week in a district. The ambulance serving Eastern Bosnia has had over 6,500 patients and examined over 3,200 pupils in elementary schools. Over 5,000 extractions have been made with, and about 3,000 without anaesthetics.

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